

# **Panel: Many-Task Computing meets Big Data**

**Chairs**

**Ioan Raicu, Illinois Institute of Technology & Argonne National Laboratory**

**Justin Wozniak, Argonne National Laboratory**

**Ian Foster, University of Chicago & Argonne National Laboratory**

**Yong Zhao, University of Electronic Science and Technology of China, China**

**ACM MTAGS 2013  
November 17<sup>th</sup>, 2013**

# Panelists

- **Dr. Robert Grossman**

- Professor and Director, Division of Biological Sciences, [James R. Watson Institute](#), University of Chicago

- **Dr. Xian-He Sun**

- Chair and Professor, Computer Science, Illinois Institute of Technology

- **Dr. Judy Qiu**

- Assistant Professor, Computer Science and Information Systems, University of California, San Diego

- **Dr. Alexandru Iosup**

- Assistant Professor, Faculty of Engineering, Mathematics and Science, Delft University of Technology, the Netherlands



[Computational](#)



# Robert Grossman

- We want to compute genomic variants.
- How can this be done as a distributed computation over science clouds?
- What are the APIs?
- What are the key common services?
- What is the governance structure?
- What is the sustainability model?

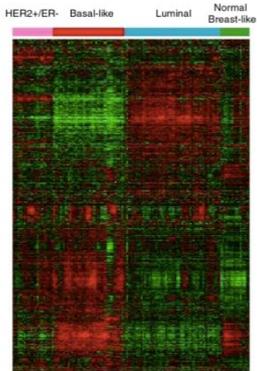
1,000,000 patients  
1,000 PB

100,000 patients  
100 PB

The Cancer Genome Atlas



10,000 patients  
10 PB

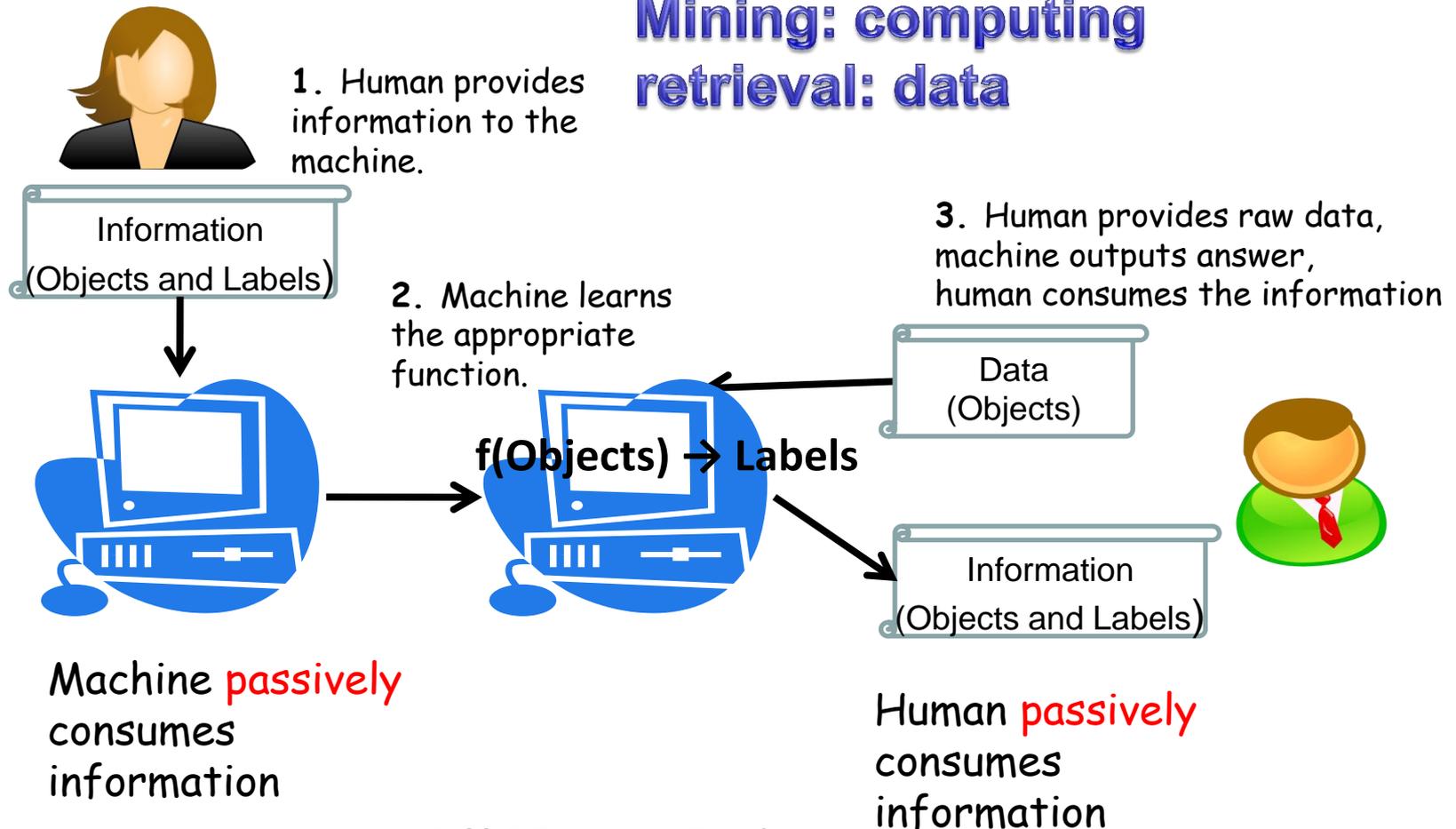


1000 patients  
1PB



# Big Data require both HPC and HTC, that is MTC, and is mixed compute-intensive and data-intensive components

## Mining: computing retrieval: data



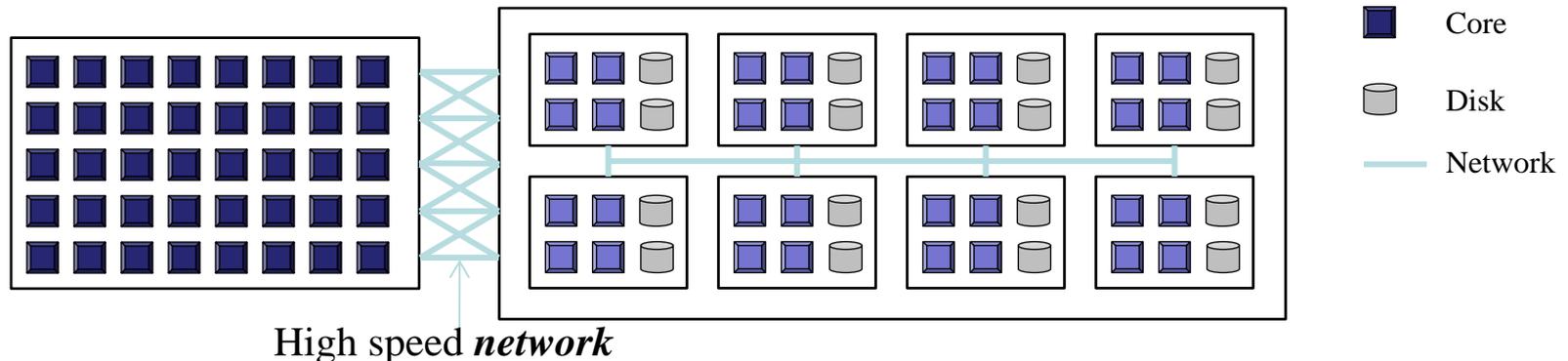
# Support Both HPC and HTC: Ours Solution

## Decoupled-Execution Paradigm:

- ❑ Handle computation- and data- intensive phases separately
- ❑ One interface-Two systems, transparent to users
- ❑ Integration, scheduling, optimization

*Supercomputer* or  
*many-core computing system*  
for execution of computing  
intensive part of an application

*Data cloud* or *storage cluster*  
for execution of data  
intensive part of an application

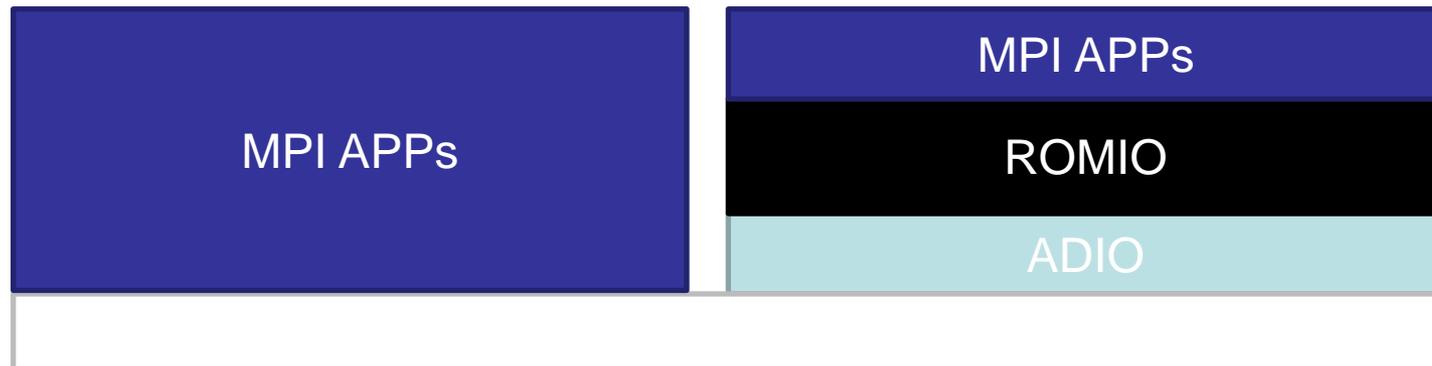


Y. Chen, C. Chen, X.-H. Sun, W. D. Gropp, and R. Thakur, "A Decoupled Execution Paradigm for Data-Intensive High-End Computing," IEEE Cluster'12, Sept, 2012

# Important of data locality (consistence, non-consistence)

Interoperability between different file systems

- Enable MPI Apps to access data-intensive file systems
- HPC-Cloud, Data-Cloud



H. Jin, X.-H. Sun, et. al, "CHAIO: Enabling HPC Applications on Data-Intensive File Systems", **ICPP2012**.

# Scalability of MTC: Memory-Parallelisms

Multi-core  
Multi-threading  
Multi-issue

CPU

Out-of-order Execution  
Speculative Execution  
Runahead Execution

Multi-banked Cache  
Non-blocking Cache  
Multi-level Cache

Cache

Pipelined Cache  
Data Prefetching  
Write buffer

Multi-channel  
Multi-rank  
Multi-bank

Memory

**Input-Output (I/O)**

*Parallel File System*

**Disks**

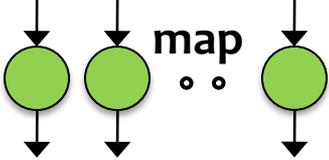
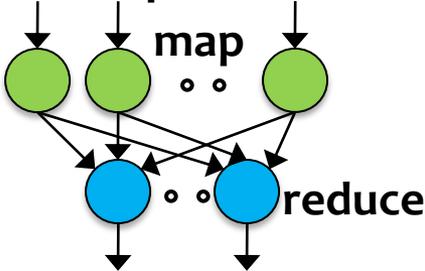
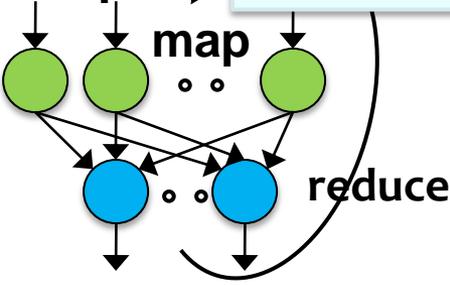
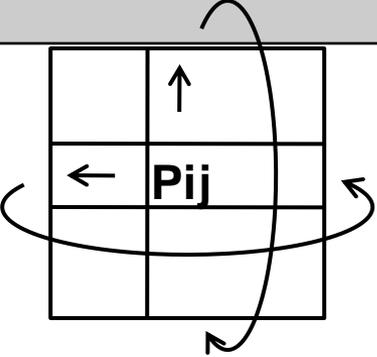
# Concurrent AMAT for Memory-Parallelism

- The traditional AMAT :  
 $\text{HitCycle} + \text{MR} \times \text{AMP}$ .
- MR is the miss rate of cache accesses; and AMP is the average miss penalty
- The **Concurrent AMAT** :  
 $\text{HitCycle}/C_H + \text{MR} \times \text{AMP}/C_M$
- $C_H$  is the hit concurrency;  $C_M$  is the pure miss concurrency
- Hit is always good, miss may not be necessary bad
- Design Choice of memory systems

X.-H. Sun and D. Wang, "Concurrent Average Memory Access Time", accepted to appear in *IEEE Computers*, 2013.(IIT Technical Report, IIT/CS-SCS-2012-05)

# Applications & Different Interconnection Patterns

Judy Qiu  
Indiana University

| (a) Map Only<br>(Pleasingly Parallel)  | (b) Classic MapReduce   | (c) Iterative MapReduce  | (d) Loosely Synchronous   |
|--|---|--|---|
| <p>Input</p>  <p>map</p> <p>Output</p> | <p>Input</p>  <p>map</p> <p>reduce</p> | <p>Input</p>  <p>map</p> <p>reduce</p> <p>iterations</p> |  |
| <p style="color: red;">← Domain of MapReduce and Iterative Extensions →</p>  |   |  | <p style="color: red;">MPI</p>  |
| <p>No Communication</p>  | <p>Collective Communication</p>   |  |   |

## Collective Patterns

**MapReduce**

- Wordcount, Grep



**MapReduce-MergeBroadcast**

- KMeansClustering, PageRank



**Map-AllGather**

- MDS-BCCalc
- Matrix Mult



**Map-AllReduce**

- KMeansClustering, MDS-StressCalc



**Map-ReduceScatter**

- PageRank, Belief Propagation



# Alex Iosup

## Thanks from the PDS Group at TU Delft.



**VENI**

Alexandru Iosup

Grids/Clouds  
P2P systems  
Big Data  
Online gaming  
Gamification



Dick Epema

Grids/Clouds  
P2P systems  
Video-on-demand  
e-Science



**VENI**

Ana Lucia  
Varbanescu

HPC systems  
Multi-cores  
Big Data  
e-Science



Henk Sips

HPC systems  
Multi-cores  
P2P systems



**VENI**

Johan Pouwelse

P2P systems  
File-sharing  
Video-on-demand

### Home page

- [www.pds.ewi.tudelft.nl](http://www.pds.ewi.tudelft.nl)

### Publications

- see PDS publication database at [publications.eewi.tudelft.nl](http://publications.eewi.tudelft.nl)



# Alex Iosup

## What's in a Name?

### Applications from two worlds



- E-Science (incl. Big Data)
- Massively Multiplayer/Social Online Gaming (incl. Big Data)

## 10-years research in distributed systems

- System design, development, and evaluation
- Grid->Cloud computing, P2P->? Computing
- Performance measurements, evaluation, modeling, b'marking
- Grenchmark, Koala, Tribler, The Archives, [OpenTTD@large]



## 10 operational years research in comp. sci.

A. Iosup and D. Epema, on the gamification of a Graduate course on Cloud Computing, SC13 Education Poster.

A. Iosup and D. Epema, An Experience Report on Using Gamification in Technical Higher Education, SIGCSE 2014. <http://goo.gl/V97zSW>

<http://www.pds.eui.tudelft.nl/~iosup/>

MTAGS13: Panel – Many-Task Computing meets Big Data

# Alex Iosup

## Current work

1. In the future, will Small-and-Medium Enterprises use *elastic* infrastructure running multiple frameworks?
  - Many-Task Big-Data Processing on Clouds—GPUs
2. In the future, should we risk working on scheduling policies?
  - Portfolio Scheduling
3. In the future, what is the role of *job* throughput, next to task throughput and peak performance (HPC)?
4. In the future, will *social awareness* be at the core of our shared distributed systems?
5. In the future, will it be possible to rate and rank distributed computing systems (benchmarking, also commercial issue)?

# Panel Overview

1. How do you see MTC intersecting with MapReduce, HTC, and HPC?
2. Importance of data locality for Big Data ==> how important is data-aware scheduling for Many-Task Computing
3. Supercomputers are designed for HPC applications today; in the future, should they be designed to support both MTC and/or Big Data?
4. With the growing scale of systems, has a centralized MTC system become obsolete? Is distributed MTC management (both scheduling and storage) a necessary next step?

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# More Information

- MTAGS 2013 Website:
  - <http://datasys.cs.iit.edu/events/MTAGS13/>
- Panel info:
  - <http://datasys.cs.iit.edu/events/MTAGS13/panel.html>
- Workshop program (7 exciting talks in the PM)
  - <http://datasys.cs.iit.edu/events/MTAGS13/program.html>
- Prize giveaway (win a Google Nexus 7):
  - <http://datasys.cs.iit.edu/events/MTAGS13/prize.html>
- Contact
  - [iraicu@cs.iit.edu](mailto:iraicu@cs.iit.edu)